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THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

occupation. This little fact should be sufficient illustration of the necessity both of saving time and getting on with the work of construction. The Colonial Secretary made a weak endeavour not to defend the Government prearrangement so much as to palliate its effects. He pointed out that during the delay the value of the property had been increasing all the time. This is true enough, but it does not affect the argument in the least, as the Government has no intention of selling. Moreover, there was the chance of the opposite tendency; the property might have depreciated in value. In any case, as Mr. Stewart rightly pointed out, this is speculation, and the Government does not and cannot speculate either in land or buildings. We might also, to pursue the argument a little further, remind the Colonial Secretary that the tendency, in the cost of building, is most distinctly upwards, both labour and materials having lately appreciated very considerably. It is not too much to assert, we think, that the cost of both the Queen's College and the Central Markets was greatly augmented through the sinful delays attending their construction. With two such monuments of waste of public funds before us, we ought never to suffer again from a similar cause, and we sincerely hope, therefore, that the work on the new Law Courts will "soon be gone on with." It is surely time it was commenced. But we shall be agreeably surprised if months do not elapse before a stone of the building is laid.

The remarks of His Excellency the Governor in concluding the debate were, we are sorry to note, as dispassionate and inconsequent as those of the Hon. R. SWEET. Sir HENRY BLAKE dragged in the Waterworks and the Harbour Office which were not under discussion, and then, having lumped the whole of the pending public works together, estimated the cost at over three million dollars and remarked that it was not to be expected that such works could be constructed in a day. This is so obvious that we imagine there is not an individual in the Colony who would have the temerity to dispute it. But what the public are saying, and Mr. STEWART, in giving voice to their complaint, stated, is that time is being lost, and while huge private buildings have grown up around and have long been occupied, the sites whereon the Government buildings are to stand still lie grass-grown and untenanted. His Excellency then passed on to give an explanation of the delay in the prosecution of the extension of the Typhoon Waterworks. This is interesting, but it was not asked for, and is quite beside the question at issue. The Governor next defended the Director of Public Works for not accepting a tender for the erection of the Law Courts because it was too high, and this may have been fully merited, though, not being in possession of figures, the public can hardly be expected to judge. For ourselves, we are content to accept His Excellency's assurance on the subject. At the same time we would again ask why, if no reasonable tender was forthcoming, did not the Government decide to carry on the work with the means at their disposal as a private individual who cannot get a satisfactory contract would have done? They were certainly not justified in throwing away public funds thus recklessly, and ought to have lost no time in proceeding with the work without a contractor. Sir HENRY BLAKE made one very satisfactory announcement when he stated that the large and valuable site opposite to the Hongkong Club will, as well as the ground at present occupied by the temporary Reclamation offices and the larger weed-grown strip to the south, be made into public gardens. We should have been still better pleased, however—and we speak for the entire community—if His Excellency had also stated when it was to be redeemed from its present condition. How many more years are to elapse before the Government side of this ornamental garden is made to correspond with the charming oasis created by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation? It would, we should have thought, have been a pleasing recollection for Sir HENRY BLAKE to have carried away with him, that this work had been completed during his administration, but judging by the rate at which this laggard Government moves it will be another decade before the centre of the city assumes the aspect which it is designed ultimately to wear.

It is with feelings of deep regret that everyone will hear of the decease of His Holiness Pope Leo XIII., who died on Monday in his ninety-fourth year. The days have happily gone past, except perhaps in isolated spots like a certain shop in Paternoster Row or the Orange Grand Lodge at Wimpole, when the Supreme Pontiff of the Roman Church can be regarded with any other feelings than those of reverence in any circle. Nor do we think that any recent Pope

has succeeded in winning and retaining so much respect among those of other creeds as the late Leo XIII. There may be many points on which he seems to have erred seriously in policy, but in all his long life he has been a consistent example of uprightness and purity. Born at Carpianto on the 2nd March, 1810, VINCENT JOACHIM PECCI, as he was, attained a length of years which extremely rarely falls to the lot of a man in so high a position as he held. He was over twenty-seven years of age when he entered the priesthood, but his promotion was rapid, for in February, 1843, he was consecrated Archbishop of Damietta. Three years later he was translated to the see of Perugia. In 1853 the Cardinal's hat became his, and twenty-five years afterwards he was elected Pope in succession to Pius IX., a position which he filled for another quarter of a century. Of his recent predecessors only one, Pope Pius VI., exceeded his record of years on the papal throne, which he occupied from 1775 to 1805. It is not the place here to speak of Pope Leo's theological and ecclesiastical attitude towards Roman Catholics and the rest of the world, but we are confident that no Pontiff has succeeded in inspiring such warm feelings toward him among those who differed from him entirely in religious views as did the late Leo XIII. His character won him the admiration of all, just as his constitution made him the subject of universal wonder. He was, moreover, a scholar of rare attainments, for whom all men of culture must feel sympathy. The last weeks of his life have been passed, it is to be feared, in considerable pain, though he rallied more than once. Now he has passed away in peace amid the regrets of all who have known his name and reputation.

Gun practice will take place from Belcher's Batteries on Tuesday, 28th inst.

The English mail of the 20th ult. was delivered in London on the 20th inst.

During the two days ended at noon on Monday no cases of plague occurred, and in the 24 hours ended yesterday at noon only one case was reported, so that we may congratulate ourselves on having got rid of the pest until next year at least.

At the Town Hall, Penang, on the 7th inst., the local Amateur Dramatic Club gave a successful performance of *Dandy Dick*. Two former Hongkong residents took prominent parts. Mr. E. F. Skerchley playing the *Dean of S. Marcell's* and Mrs. Skerchley *Hannah Topping*.

We find the two following advertisements next each other in a San Francisco paper:—"Japanese faithful boy desires a position as schoolboy or to do housework in kind family." "Japanese honest nice boy, good cook, wishes situation to do cooking and housework in family, city or country."

A special to the *Shanghai Times* dated Peking, July 16, says:—A Shensi despatch received in this city states that there was an anti-Christian uprising in Pimi-hien in Shensi. Two missionaries are still missing. The Viceroy and the Governor have been ordered to settle the matter without delay.

In a telegram of the 10th inst. it is stated that the Chinese Minister to Seoul has advised the Government to open Wiju to the trade of the world. The Minister pointed out that the town was an important trading place prior to the China-Japan war and advised the Government to open the place to the world without delay. The Korean Government have ordered the Governor of Wiju to see about a site for a foreign concession and report, the opening of Wiju in the near future being regarded as inevitable.

The death of Mr. John Goddard, at the age of 80, occurred at the General Hospital, Yokohama, on the 6th instant. The deceased lived for many years in Yokohama. He came out from England to Hongkong in 1842, at the age of 18, and entered the employment of the Jardine firm, being afterwards transferred to Yokohama. Subsequently he started business on his own account and later became secretary of the Yokohama United Club. About 1891 he proceeded with his wife and family to Australia, and made his home there until rather more than a year ago, when he returned to Japan, staying with his son-in-law. He leaves a widow, three sons, and three daughters.

The N.C. Daily News publishes the two following telegrams:—"Tokyo, 16th July.—The Home Minister retires owing to ill health, and is succeeded by Baron Kodama, who still remains Governor-General of Formosa. Public opinion interprets recent events as evincing the Emperor's confidence in the Cabinet, which therefore brings increased prestige to the discharge of its domestic and foreign duties."—"Tokyo, 17th July.—Three Cabinet Ministers—of Education, of Communications, and of Agriculture—are retiring, one for private reasons, and two in consequence of the Diet's condemnation of the Ministry's financial proposals. These portfolios have been given temporarily to Baron Kodama, Kikawa, and Sone, in conjunction with their present offices. The stability of the Cabinet is in no wise affected. Baron Kodama stands his projected trip to England."

Seven of the robbers who recently broke into Ebo Park and collected considerable booty have been captured by the Peking authorities.

It appears from the *China Times* of the 13th inst. that Dr. Macleod, of Shanhaikwan, injured his spine while bathing at Paitiao on the 11th, and his condition was considered serious.

L'Echo de Chine says that it is announced from London that the Tsar will shortly visit King Edward—a significant visit on the morrow of that of President Loubet.

According to the N.C. Daily News Tokyo correspondent, work has been abandoned on the Russian telegraph between Antung and Yung-Angho in consequence of the remoteness of Corea.

A telegram dated Simla, July 2, says:—There were only 1,382 plague deaths in the whole of India last week, against 1,881 in the corresponding week of last year. The Punjab had only 380.

The death is announced in the Australian papers of Dr. Alexander Morrison, who for 46 years had held the post of headmaster of the Scotch College, East Melbourne. The deceased was an uncle of the well-known correspondent of the *Times* at Peking.

The *Kobe Chronicle* says:—Mr. Townsend, second officer of the British steamer *Japan*, is reported to have been arrested at Shimozaki for violating the Strategic Zone Law. He is said to have been guilty of the heinous crime of photographing the surface of the sea.

The Superintendent of the Aliso Memorial and Netherdale Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donation to the building fund of the Materernity Hospital:—Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, C.M.G., \$150. The Hon. Treasurer of the same Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the funds of the Hospitals:—

Benjamin Kelly & Potts ... \$25
J. W. C. Bonnar ... 5
G. Bunker ... 5

The Sultan has warned Mme. Christos, mother of Milan, son of the late King Milan of Serbia, to guard her son carefully. She is advised to keep her son in the house, and not to allow him to appear on the streets. It is presumed that this advice was the outcome of fears that an attempt may be made to murder young Milan, although it is not believed that there will be any prospect of his succeeding to the throne of Serbia. He was, however, legitimized by his father and is therefore the Obrenovitch representative.

The Chinese Customs trade returns from Yatang (Tibet) for the first quarter of the present year show that 27,940 loads were carried inwards and outwards as against 26,679 loads during the corresponding quarter of last year. The value of the imports from India during the quarter was Rs. 3,36,641 as against Rs. 2,85,201 during the corresponding quarter of 1902, and of the exports to India Rs. 3,62,877 as against Rs. 2,15,950 during the first quarter of 1902. The total value of the trade registered during the quarter was thus Rs. 6,99,518 as against Rs. 5,01,251 during the first quarter of 1902.

The Malays have a curious story about a man called the duong, which is fairly numerous in the Borneo and Celebes waters. They say that the creatures always go about in pairs and that when the male quarrels with his mate she goes and weeps on some solitary rock and that the fisherman who is lucky enough to meet the creature in her sorrow should catch some of the tears in a bottle and put a piece of gold in the bottle with the tears. The water will ebb and flow with the tide and the man who wishes to be irresistible with the fair sex has only to anoint his eyebrows with the tears before visiting the lady whose affections he wishes to secure.

Milan Obrenovitch, father of the just murdered King Alexander, was never anointed or crowned King of Serbia. That he was not is said to have been the outcome of fear dictated by a prophecy delivered to him by an aged seer of Onbitza for whom he sent. This man declared that the next "anointed king" would not reign long, but would be succeeded by another whose reign would be so full of persecutions that persons passing the graveyard would say to the dead, "Would he had died with you!" But after this was to arise another ruler, a fair-haired man, whose reign would be so beneficent that people passing the graveyard would say to the dead, "Would that you had lived to be with us now!" The old time vaticination is worth recalling.

LADY BLAKE AT HOME.

Lady Blake was "at home" at Mountain Lodge yesterday from 4 to 6:30 p.m. The reception was favoured by almost perfect weather for this time of year in Hongkong, and the charming surroundings of the Governor's Peak residence were therefore very much appreciated, the clearness of the air making the various views look their very best, while the shower earlier in the day had a beneficial effect on the temperature. The guests arrived in relays from 4 to 6 o'clock, being received by the hostess 1 E. the Governor, and Captain and Mrs. Arbuthnot, and the scene on the upper lawn was very animated. The band of the Sherwood Foresters played an excellent selection of music throughout the afternoon, and about 5 o'clock a troupe of Japanese jugglers started to give a clever entertainment. Later on a putting competition was held for those interested in golf. Refreshments were served in two marquees in the meantime. All circumstances combined to make the "at home" most successful.

TELEGRAMS.

REUTER'S SERVICE.

DEATH OF THE POPE.

LONDON, 20th July.

His Holiness Pope Leo XIII. is dead.

[The above telegram is published to-day by kind permission of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.—Ed. D.P.]

INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPH CONFERENCE.

LONDON, 18th July.

An international telegraph conference has completely revised the rules relating to Codes. From the 1st July, 1904, any combination of five letters will be accepted as one word.

FRANCE AND GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, 18th July.

An Anglo-French Union for the development of commercial relations between Great Britain and France is practically completed, and a number of French delegates have arrived in London, with deputies of the Arbitration group for the purpose of conferring with the English representatives of the Union.

THE UNITED STATES AND THE TRUSTS.

LONDON, 19th July.

President Roosevelt has decided to summon a special Session of Congress for the purpose of introducing legislation dealing with the present unsatisfactory financial conditions, particularly in connection with Trusts, several of which are notoriously tottering and others bankrupt.

THE AUSTRIAN EMPEROR AND THE SERBIAN TRAGEDY.

One of the peculiarities of life in the Far East is that after brief and therefore often misleading telegrams we have to wait for weeks before we can read the complete account of events in Europe. When Rantor announced that the Emperor of Austria had wired his congratulations to the new King of Serbia, it caused much surprise as it seemed almost uncalled for, considering the horrible crimes (of course not traceable to the new King) which had preceded his accession. But Mr. Volpiell, the Acting Consul for Austria-Hungary, points out to us, that the telegram was only an answer to the one sent by the new King of Serbia, and contained moreover a very strong denunciation of the late horrors of Belgrade.

We are therefore glad to give our readers a quotation of the passage in the original text, with a translation:—
Puisse-t-elle réagir dans la noble mission qui lui est échue de rendre la paix, la tranquillité et l'estime à ces malheureux Pays, si cruellement éprouvés par une série de tourments intérieurs et de la révolte de l'état de profonde déchéance dans laquelle la récession a entraîné tous ces yeux du monde civilisé, un crime inique et maudit entre tous.

(Translation.)
"May you succeed in the noble mission which has fallen to you to restore peace, tranquillity and esteem to the unfortunate country so cruelly tried by a series of internal storms and to raise it from the low state in which it has fallen in the eyes of the whole world, where it was lately cast down by a crime iniquitous and cursed by all!"

POLO CLUB GYMKHANA.

We would remind intending competitors at the Polo Club Gymkhana to be held at the Races on Saturday, the 1st August, that entries close on Saturday next, and no post entries will be accepted. In place of the Bow and Arrow Race (No. 5) there will be a Market Garden Race, Ladies' Nomination. A long table will be placed on the mud course near the entrance from the paddock, behind which table the ladies will stand; on the table will be heaped a supply of vegetables of various kinds. Gentlemen will be provided with a small basket to which will be attached a list of vegetables to be placed therein by lady. Start on grass course in front of Judge's Box ride up to flag and turn on to mud course (rails will be removed), ride up to table, dismount and hand lady the basket, lady will fill basket with vegetables as per list, hand it back to gentlemen who will then remount and ride back to starting post. First past post with contents of basket correct as per list to win. Two prizes have been kindly presented for this race.

By kind permission of Major Raddiff and Officers, 3rd Burma Infantry, the band of that regiment will be present during the afternoon. Mr. C. H. Ross (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.) is Hon. Secretary of the Gymkhana.

WEATHER REPORT.

The Hongkong Observatory yesterday issued the following report:—
The barometer has risen over E. Japan, the depression lying there yesterday having passed to the Pacific.
The barometer has fallen elsewhere, particularly in N. China, owing to a new depression, which is moving Eastwards over Manchuria.
Pressure is highest to the SE. of the Loochees Moderate S. monsoon in the Formosa Channel and N. part of the China Sea.
Forecast:—Moderate SE. winds; showery.

CANTON.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Canton, 20th July.

FIGHT BETWEEN REBELS AND THE IMPERIAL TROOPS.

About three weeks ago there was a fight between the rebels and the Imperial soldiers of the On Yang regiments. The latter were defeated, about two hundred of them being killed; the rest threw down their arms and ran. From four to five hundred soldiers returned to Wuchow, and when the commander of the regiments tried to compel them to go back to Kwangsi, they refused; so they have come back to Canton, and related how they were treated by the military commanders, who did not give them their pay or sufficient food, while the rebels were well armed.

OVER ZEALOUS!

Shortly after the arrival of His Excellency Sham Chun-hsun at Wuchow, His Excellency was told that the rebels were far more numerous than the Imperialist army, so he sent a military officer by name Luk Kin to propose terms of peace to the rebel chief Li-lap, asking the latter to join the Imperial army, and take office under the government. The rebel chief consented and sent his two adjutants to see the Viceroy and talk over the terms of peace. On their way, passing the district of Kwai Ping, the district magistrate Chan King-wa had them arrested together with Luk Kin, and cut all three heads off. The Viceroy, hearing this, in great anger ordered the magistrate Chan King-wa to be put in prison to await trial and execution. Luk Kin had been a robber before, but had abandoned his predatory career and subsequently joined the Imperial army. Chan King-wa is a native of Heungshan and of the literary degree of K'ayen.

LI KA-CHEUK.

Li Ka-cheuk was formerly a captain in command of some braves set to protect Shumoon. During the anti-Christian riots in Shan Tak, he saved some native Christians, for which service he has been decorated with a medal by the French Government. He was appointed acting magistrate of the district of Shan Tak in the place of Wong Sung, and was subsequently transferred to Yuen Chow. When he was there it was said that he permitted his soldiers to go about and rob. His Excellency the new Viceroy Sham Chun-hsun, degrading him by telegram, sent Admiral Ho Chang-ching to arrest him. But Li armed himself with a brace of revolvers and went to defy Ho, and afterwards escaped to a steam-launch and made for Amoy.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A SUGGESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

Hongkong, 21st July.

SIR,—The home and American papers have lately been full of the dangers incidental to spitting in public conveyances and thoroughfares, and many are the schemes that are brewing to check this filthy habit. Might I, sir, suggest through the medium of your valuable columns that a fine of \$1 be imposed in this spit-ridden Colony on all persons guilty of an infringement of, let us say, Sec. I of Sec. II of the Ex-petecoration Ordinance? The revenue of the Colony would be increased by \$200,000 per annum; all insanitary properties could be bought in by Government; roads increased to 100 feet in width; officers could be made to purchase the Naval Yard so tempting that even the naval authorities could hardly refuse; and last, but not least, our overworked and brainy Government officials could once again increase their own salaries.—Yours, etc.,

PHLEGM.

HONGKONG SANITARY BOARD.

A meeting of the Sanitary Board was held on Monday in the Board Room. The Hon. J. M. Atkinson, Principal Civil Medical Officer (President), presided, and there were also present Captain F. W. Lyons, Acting Captain Superintendent of Police; Colonel W. E. Webb, R.A.M.C.; Mr. Fung Wa Chun, Mr. Lau Chu Pak, Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., Mr. A. Ramjahn, Mr. E. A. Howett, Dr. W. Pearson, Acting Medical Officer of Health; and Mr. G. A. Woodcock (Secretary).

CATTLE DISEASE.

The meeting had been called to consider a minute by the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that foot-and-mouth disease had broken out in the cattle shed belonging to the Dairy Farm Co. at Kaitungwan.

It was decided to declare the shed an infected area, and to apply for authority to engage a watchman to prevent the removal of anything from the shed.

BUILDINGS AND OPEN SPACES.

Three applications were received for exemption from the provision of open spaces as required by section 175 of the Public Health and Building Ordinance, 1903. The applications were in respect of Nos. 7 and 41, Berkeley Street; No. 13, Cochrane Street; and No. 17, Wing Wa Lane.

It was decided in all these cases to recommend the applications for the approval of the Governor in Council.

This was all the business.

LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The C.N. steamer *Taiwan* left Moji for this port on the 18th inst., and is due here to-morrow. The H.A.L. steamer *C. Ford*, *Laeis*, from Hamburg, left Manila for this port on the 19th inst., and may be expected here to-day, at 6 a.m. The H.A.L. steamer *Scholar*, from Hamburg, left Singapore for this port yesterday, at noon, and may be expected here on the 27th inst., a.m. The T.K.K. steamer *Robita Maru* left Manila yesterday afternoon, and is expected here to-morrow, about 2 p.m.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.
Only communications relating to the news columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses, with communications addressed to THE EDITOR of the publication, but no evidence of good faith.
All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.
No anonymous signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.
Answers for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent by post to the Editor, only supplied for Cash. Telegraphic Address: Press, Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed. Editor's Office, Telephone No. 12.

DEATH.

On the 6th July, at Yokohama, Jous GORDON, aged 84 years.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DES VŒUX ROAD, C.
LONDON OFFICE: 121, FLEET STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG, 22nd July, 1903.

The discussion raised by the Hon. GERRARD STEWART in the Legislative Council on Monday will, though perhaps not directly, have some useful effect. When we say not directly we have regard to the official replies given, which were not wholly satisfactory. The questions put elicited the facts that, after a long delay, a tender for erection of the new Law Courts has been accepted and "it is hoped that the work will soon be gone on with." Also that the cost of the site for the new Post Office was \$508,280, and it was paid in March, 1902. One of the designs sent in at the recent competition by local architects has been accepted, and it is anticipated that tenders for the foundations will be called for in about a month. Why all this unnecessary delay? Why not call for tenders for the Post Office at once, and why is not the erection of the Law Courts proceeded with? The Government seem to have absolutely no conception of the value of either time or money. They are, from a business point of view, the merest babies and sucklings. Perhaps, as some assistance to the understanding of the officials, it may be as well to point the moral with an illustration. The sum of \$508,280 has been paid for the site of the Post Office. That capital amount has been already increased by interest on it to \$546,529; in other words the interest on the sum, reckoned from 31st March, 1902, to 31st July, 1903, at 6 per cent. per annum, amounts to \$41,249, from which we deduct \$3,000, the rent paid by the contractor, who has made a lumber-yard of the site, and pays, we believe, \$200 per month for his

SUPREME COURT.

Tuesday, 21st July.

IN CRIMINAL JURISDICTION.

BEFORE HIS HONOUR SIR WILLIAM M. GOODMAN (CHIEF JUSTICE).

THE CHARGE AGAINST INSPECTOR McEWEEN.
Robert Gardner McEween was arraigned on a charge of having on 15th July, 1902, being then Inspector of Markets, unlawfully accepted a bribe of \$10 from one Fung Yung with a view to influence his conduct in the performance of his duties; on 14th September a bribe of \$17 from Leung Sin; on 24th December a bribe of \$120 from Chan Wong and \$30 from Lai Kan; and on 25th December \$100 from Ip Cheong and two others.

He pleaded not guilty, and was defended by Mr. M. W. Slade, barrister-at-law (instructed by Mr. C. E. H. Beavis of Messrs. Wilkinson & Grist, solicitors).

The following special jury was empanelled:—Messrs. H. Pinckney, A. O'D. Gourd, A. G. Raymond, W. H. Potts, D. W. Craddock, F. H. Aspinall, and E. W. Rutter.

The Attorney-General, Mr. Sir Henry S. Berkeley (instructed by Mr. F. B. L. Bowley, Crown Solicitor) conducted the prosecution. In his opening statement, the Attorney-General said that the evidence would show that defendant received from certain stall-holders in the markets certain presents in the shape of money and goods and if the jury found that he received these presents, he thought they could only come to the conclusion that they were given to him and accepted by him for the illegal purpose charged—namely to bribe him to refrain from the enforcement of the laws and regulations of the markets. The case was one of great gravity and seriousness both from the public point of view and from the point of view of the Inspector himself; therefore he was sure the jury would without any request on his part bring to bear on the facts presented to them the most careful consideration. He did not desire in any way to prejudice the minds of the jury against the defendant, but he felt it to be his duty to recall to them the fact that it was absolutely necessary in the public interests that officers in the public service should be pure and that they should discharge their duties without fear, favour or affection. If they came to the conclusion that as a fact the presents were given to the Inspector and felt that there was only one conclusion from that, namely the conclusion that the presents were received with the object of improperly influencing the Inspector, it would be their duty as guardians of public morality and the public interests generally to find a verdict against him. On the other hand, before they took the serious step of finding a man in his position guilty of the serious offence of bribery they must be quite convinced in their own minds that he did accept the bribes as charged against him. Before defendant entered the service he was a policeman. He left the police force and was employed as Inspector of Markets. Every body, of course, who accepted an office of public trust must be taken to be aware of the impropriety of receiving a bribe; still more so must a man who had previously been in the police force. If they came to the conclusion that these presents were received they need not hesitate to feel sure that defendant must have known that it was wrong to receive them. His previous history, training, and experience must have taught him that as Inspector of Markets he could not accept any presents from any persons against whom he had to enforce the laws and regulations of the markets. The markets appeared to be doubly controlled. The Registrar-General had the letting of the stalls; the Sanitary Board were responsible for the wholesomeness of the food and the cleanliness of the markets. The inspectors were employed to see that the regulations of the Sanitary Board. Defendant's duties were to see to the wholesomeness of the food and that the place in which it was sold was kept in a sanitary condition. In the course of his duties the Inspector had to prosecute if the rules and regulations were not observed. The business of the markets was carried on by various trade guilds—each trade in each market having its guild. Evidence would be that on 14th July defendant had threatened to prosecute a poultry-shop for blocking the thoroughfare. Next day the poultry guild sent a salesman to defendant's house and he gave defendant \$10. The second charge was that he received \$17 from the same guild. The third charge was that on 24th December he received two separate sums amounting to \$150 from two masters of a shop. Shortly before Christmas the guild called a meeting and in consequence of that meeting the two masters drew \$150 guild money, went to defendant's house and gave him the money, at the same time presenting him with some capons and other birds as Christmas presents. Now a person could not receive presents from persons against whom he had to enforce certain restrictions without there being an intention on the part of the givers to influence him in their favour; and the Inspector could not have been unaware of the intention with which these were given. About Christmas time the poultry guild of the Central Market also held a meeting and consequently one Ip Cheong went to the Inspector and asked him what he would like for a Christmas present. Ip Cheong would tell the Court that defendant said—"Give me the money and I will buy something for myself." Ip Cheong reported this at another meeting of the guild and was authorised to pay the Inspector \$100. The money was put in an envelope addressed to defendant and on the afternoon of Christmas Day was given to him

in his house by Ip Cheong in company with two other men.

Evidence was then called.
A. Gibson, veterinary surgeon, who has sanitary control of the markets, was the first witness. He deposed that defendant took charge of the markets on 1st May, 1902. His salary was \$236 a month. His duties were to see the markets kept clean and the bye-laws carried out. The European overseer and scavenging coolies were under his charge. He had also to see to the enforcement of the laws with regard to food adulteration and to prosecute if witness decided that a prosecution should take place. Rule 421 of the General Orders prohibited any public servant from accepting presents.

Cross-examined by Mr. Slade—These charges were first brought about the 17th June. Witness took up the position of veterinary surgeon towards the end of April last year. His duties brought him into close touch with defendant who was under his immediate orders. He supervised defendant's work. Defendant carried out his duties well. Since he had been in charge of the markets the bye-laws of the markets had been vigorously enforced. So far as he had seen there had been no favour shown. It was a fair description of the defendant to call him a zealous and energetic officer; that was so far as he knew. Of his own knowledge he had noticed a difference in the state of the markets during the time defendant was Inspector; the markets were kept cleaner and the stall-holders complied better with the bye-laws. In the case of trivial offences on the part of stall-holders it was defendant's custom to warn them. Defendant had verbally reported to him this year cases of people in the markets offering him bribes. About the beginning of June he made an official report to the effect that an envelope containing \$100 along with some other presents had been left at his house, while he was out, by some poultry-dealers from the market. This report was forwarded to the Secretary of the Sanitary Board, and he understood, was investigated by the police. There were no results so far as he knew of these enquiries. In the end of May, in order to deal with plague in the markets, defendant was instructed to seize any dying fowls and send them up for examination. A number—first of all from the Western Market—was picked out by him and a large proportion was found to be infected, in consequence of which the poultry section was disinfectant about 27th May. After that it was still found that fowls were dying and other measures were taken to eradicate the disease. The poultry-dealers were asked to move down to a market opposite the Harbour Office and their stalls were disinfected. The pens in use in the Western Market with the exception of one or two new ones were burned. Defendant was actively engaged in this work. The morning-out and burning of the pens took place early in June, about the 4th. In the beginning of that month plague was also discovered among fowls in the Central Market. In each case where a plague-infected fowl was found the stall and the new pens were disinfected and the old pens were burned. This work was still going on immediately before these charges were made. As a result of the charges defendant was arrested on the 17th June and had been suspended from his duties as Inspector of Markets.

Mr. Slade—And so was got rid of for the time being?

The Attorney-General objected to such a remark. When a public official was charged with a serious offence like this it was only right that he should be suspended from his duties pending trial.

Mr. Slade—I was only asking the question.

His Lordship said that the remark should not have been made.

Examination resumed—It was the Inspector's duty to keep a diary. (Diary produced and identified.) It appeared to witness to be quite in order. On the morning of the 15th July, according to the book, he began at the Sai-ying-poon Market at 7.30, went from there to the Western and Central and then came to see to the wholesomeness of the food and that the place in which it was sold was kept in a sanitary condition. In the course of his duties the Inspector had to prosecute if the rules and regulations were not observed. The business of the markets was carried on by various trade guilds—each trade in each market having its guild. Evidence would be that on 14th July defendant had threatened to prosecute a poultry-shop for blocking the thoroughfare. Next day the poultry guild sent a salesman to defendant's house and he gave defendant \$10. The second charge was that he received \$17 from the same guild. The third charge was that on 24th December he received two separate sums amounting to \$150 from two masters of a shop. Shortly before Christmas the guild called a meeting and in consequence of that meeting the two masters drew \$150 guild money, went to defendant's house and gave him the money, at the same time presenting him with some capons and other birds as Christmas presents. Now a person could not receive presents from persons against whom he had to enforce certain restrictions without there being an intention on the part of the givers to influence him in their favour; and the Inspector could not have been unaware of the intention with which these were given. About Christmas time the poultry guild of the Central Market also held a meeting and consequently one Ip Cheong went to the Inspector and asked him what he would like for a Christmas present. Ip Cheong would tell the Court that defendant said—"Give me the money and I will buy something for myself." Ip Cheong reported this at another meeting of the guild and was authorised to pay the Inspector \$100. The money was put in an envelope addressed to defendant and on the afternoon of Christmas Day was given to him

Re-examined—Defendant's house was about five minutes' walk from the slaughter-house. He had not seen defendant taking his meals in the slaughter-house. Defendant kept a ricksha with two coolies usually; he did not remember having seen him with three but had seen him with only one coolie. From his house to Sai-ying-poon would be about 15 minutes' ricksha drive. He was aware that the defendant's conduct was being investigated before any charge was brought against him, and that anonymous petitions against him had been received at the Registrar-General's department.

Mr. Slade said this was new matter entirely and he objected to its introduction. He had been instructed that any anonymous communications had positively flowed into the Registrar-General's department charging the defendant with every crime from murder down.

The Attorney-General said his learned friend's statement reminded him of the old doggerel—

"The man who smokes and reads the Times,
And goes to Christmas pastimes
Is capable of any crimes."

When the re-examination was finished, Mr. Slade asked leave to cross-examine.

His Lordship—If you put the questions through me. They must come from me.
Mr. Slade—With your Lordship's permission I will ask the questions myself.

His Lordship refused to allow this and Mr. Slade sat down.

His Lordship then put the question himself. "As regards these complaints," he asked the witness, "are you aware whether or not they form the subject-matter of the present charges?"

Witness—I understand they do not form the subject-matter of the present charges.

His Lordship—Were they matters relating to the taking of money?

Witness—I understand they do not form the subject-matter of the present charges.

Fung Yung, a man in the San Fu poultry shop, stall No. 4, Western Market, was called and deposed that he gave the defendant \$10 on 15th July last to prevent prosecution for obstruction.

Cross-examined—Witness was a business man, and he could not remember exactly what kind of note-book the defendant used. He was not aware that his shop had got into trouble with the Registrar-General's department for allowing fish to be sold in front of the shop. He was not one of two men who had to take back on 2nd June a bribe of \$150 which had been given to the defendant, and regarding which the latter had made a report. Witness had heard nothing of the affair, and did not know of enquiries into it made by the police.

The Court adjourned shortly after one o'clock.

On the Court resuming after dinner,

The Attorney-General, after consultation

with counsel for the defence, stated that they

conferred in respect of this matter of the statement

by the defendant who was offered a bribe on the

2nd June and returned it to the persons

offering it and he must say it seemed to him on

the evidence in possession that two men did go to

the Inspector's house on the 1st or 2nd June and

left a sum of money with his servants to be given

to him. At that time defendant was absent from

home. When he returned to the house he sent

for the men next day and returned them the

money, and he reported the incident and it was

put into the hands of the police. The police

made investigations and got certain information

which required corroboration of implication.

The only person who could speak to that was

the Inspector himself because the house

servants who in the ordinary course would have

been called were not available owing to their

having left the service of the defendant in the

meantime. The police were still making

endeavours to get hold of the witnesses who

would enable them to go on with the charge of

offering a bribe. When the time came he

would submit some facts to the jury to the

effect that as a fact at the time defendant

refused to receive this offered bribe and reported

the attempted bribery he was aware that

charges had been made against him of receiving

bribes, and he would suggest that the inference

to be drawn might be that defendant thought

it was too dangerous a thing to take a further

bribe.

Leung Sen, accountant of the San Fu

poultry shop in the Western Market, which

kept the accounts of the poultry guild in July

last, said he made a payment during that month

to Fung Yung of \$10; that was on 14th July.

He entered it in the book.

Leung Sin, accountant of the Leung Hop

poultry shop, said that that shop kept the guild's

accounts in September last. During that

month he made a payment of \$17 to the

defendant; that was on the 14th. He was

authorised by the guild to pay the Inspector

that money. He entered the payment in the

book before the money was actually handed

over. He paid over the money in defendant's

house between 7 and 8 p.m. Addressing the

Inspector, he said "I have come to make you

a present on behalf of the guild." Defendant

asked "How much?" and added "Can do."

The notes were enclosed in a Chinese envelope.

There was no one else present when he paid

over this money.

Chan Wong deposed that he handed over

\$120 on behalf of the poultry guild to defendant

on 24th December. Lai Kan went with him

and gave defendant \$30—altogether \$150.

Cross-examined—There was a bell at the

prisoner's house, but he did not ring it; he

walked straight in at the door, which was open.

The defendant was alone in the house.

Lai Kan, master of the San Fu poultry-shop,

corroborated the evidence of the last witness

and said he gave the defendant \$30 on 24th

December last, the day on which Chan Wong

gave him \$120.

Cross-examined—The defendant had taken

away witness's licence, and the latter went

to the Registrar-General and got it back. He

rang the bell on the ground floor when he went

to the defendant's house, and the defendant

came down and opened the door.

Here the witness corrected himself and said

he had not pulled the bell, and that the defendant

did not descend to the ground floor and

open the door.

Ip Cheong was the first witness called to

support the charges of bribery from the Central

Market. He said he was one of the masters of

the Yam Fat Loong poultry-shop, Central

Market, and that subsequent to a guild meeting

held on 19th December last the defendant said

to him, in reply to a question as to what he

should like for Christmas—"Give me the money

and I will buy something myself." On Christ-

mas Day the defendant was given \$100 and

four boxes of cigars. He was a troublesome

man, and they gave him the presents in order

to induce him to cease from annoying.

The Court at this point adjourned till 10.30

a.m. to-day.

His Lordship intimated that the common

jurors would not be wanted until ten o'clock on

Thursday morning, and added that he relied

on the honour of the jury trying the case not

to discuss it with anyone outside.

POLICE COURT.

Tuesday, 21st July.

BEFORE MR. T. SERCOMBE SMITH (POLICE MAGISTRATE).

ALLEGED SERIOUS LARCENY.

Chung Ut Po, secretary of Bismarck & Co., Des Vaux Road, and four other native employees of the same firm, were charged with stealing \$2,000 and certain documents from Kwok Chui Hie, formerly a compendator to Bismarck & Co.

The defendants pleaded not guilty, and the hearing was remanded till to-morrow at 11 a.m.

A PECULIAR CASE.

On Monday a Chinese usher at the Police Court served a summons on the native proprietors of a house of reputed ill-fame in Wing Wo Street. When he arrived at the house, so the story runs, one of the female occupants told him that the mistress was out, but that she would go and find her so that the summons might be personally served. Off the girl went, and returned later not with the mistress, but with a man who is alleged to have obstructed the usher in the performance of his duty by keeping him confined in the house for two hours, at the end of which period a district watchman, observing the prisoner beckon him from the window, went upstairs and released him whilst taking the other into custody.

That was the tale narrated by the complainant; the defendant was altogether different, and is depending further enquiries into the facts of the case that a remand has been made. He said the complainant, who was accompanied by a friend, assaulted him with his umbrella, breaking off the head, which was produced in Court. The friend left the house and took the damaged umbrella with him.

In order to get at the truth, if possible, his Worship directed the respective dwellings of the contending parties to be searched for an umbrella minus the head, but neither house was found to contain such an article.

The magistrate said he was not yet satisfied, and adjourned the hearing till Friday at 9.30 a.m. for further enquiries. The defendant was allowed bail of \$200.

THE PROPOSED PEKING-KALGAN RAILWAY.

A though the Chinese promoters of the proposed railway from Peking to Kalgan, the "Great Gate" city of the Great Wall, are now endeavouring to get the necessary capital subscribed, it will be difficult to find the money in such an uncommercial district; there is, therefore, reason to doubt whether the scheme will go through unless rumour is correct in assuming that the Russian Government is behind the company. This is not at all unlikely to be true. The road between Peking and Kalgan was formerly the main route for travellers to north China from Central Siberia. Except explorers, however, no one now selects this route and the Chinese Eastern Railway has carried off all the trade. As the first stage in a shorter railway route connecting the tea-producing country with the tea-consuming country, *via* Mongolia, the proposed line might become, however, very valuable. Politically it might very well serve for Russia the same end in Mongolia as the Chinese Eastern Railway has served in Manchuria. If built under Russian control it would be advanced by and by as reasonable that Mongolia must pass under Russian influence; the cities of the province would be Russianised just as Harbin and other Manchurian towns have been; and in the event of a disturbance they would no doubt seize the opportunity to put in an army of occupation. Southward from Shensi-kwan, Russian advance is checked by the fact that the New-Chang Railway is controlled by British capital. The Lu-Han and Cheng-to railways are under Russian influence but there is no direct Russian communication between these and the Chinese Eastern Railway. The Mongolian railway with the Kalgan-Peking extension furnishes an alternative that will be tempting to Russian ambition, if she has not already too much on her hands.—N.C. Daily News.

WATER POLO AT THE V.R.C.

The Lusitano Club and the R. G. A. teams played their tie at the V.R.C., Kowloon, on Monday afternoon in the water polo competition now proceeding there. The game was fast, but all in favour of the Lusitano Club team, which won by the large majority of eight goals to nil. There was an encouraging attendance of spectators.

Yesterday afternoon the V.R.C. team met that of the R. E. The game was an interesting one, and the Engineers, though defeated by seven goals to one, made a plucky fight of it. Luck was not with them, however, and they only succeeded in finding their opponents' net once, that, too, from a penalty awarded by the referee, Mr. T. Meek.

The following is the present condition of the competition:

Club	Played	Won	Lost	For	Against	Pts.
Lusitano	2	2	0	16	3	4
R. G. A.	2	1	1	6	8	2
H. K. V. C.	1	1	0	3	2	2
V. E. C.	1	1	0	7	0	2
Y. M. C. A.	1	0	1	2	3	0
S. F.	1	0	1	0	6	0
R. E.	2	0	0	0	15	0

The V.R.C. will play the H.K.V.C. this afternoon. An admirable feature of the water polo matches this year is the marking of the "pitch" with bamboo, which confines the game to a certain definite area and shows at once when the ball is out of play. The idea is that of Mr. C. Lesbird, the steward of the V.R.C.

The Potentates—Macniven & Cameron, Limited, deserve A NATIONAL MEMORIAL for their excellent inventions.—Dover Chronicle. THE WAVELAY PEN. THE HINDOO PEN. THE OWL PEN. Sold at all Stationers. Waverley Works, Edinburgh. [2045-2]

PHOTOGRAPHIC

PLATES, PAPERS AND CHEMICALS

EASTMAN'S KODAKS, FILMS AND ACCESSORIES.

DEVELOPING AND PRINTING UNDERTAKEN

A. CHEE & CO.,

17A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

[39]

S. C. FARNHAM, BOYD & CO., LD.

EXCHANGE IN BANGKOK.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The third annual meeting of the shareholders in S. C. Farnham, Boyd & Co., Ltd., was held at 14, Broadway, Shanghai, on the 18th inst. There were present Mr. John Prentice (in the chair), Messrs. H. von Rucker, J. Groundwater and D. Cranston (Directors), W. A. C. Platt (Legal Adviser), Jas. H. Osborne (Secretary), A. L. Anderson, W. H. Anderson, W. E. Bryant, W. B. Buyers, D. T. Black, H. J. Clark, E. W. Clements, A. Diereking, John Gibman, A. J. Hayes, W. S. Jackson, H. E. McCann, J. R. Michael, R. Moorhead, J. G. Mackenzie, T. Pemberton, C. E. Pearson, M. S. Perry, C. H. Purcell, H. Robertson, D. Robinson, H. K. Struve, Stockwell, W. Thomson, J. D. Thorburn, Thos. Weir, Marcus Wolff, John Wright, and R. Weil, representing a total of 11,456 shares.

The CHAIRMAN—The report and accounts having been in your hands for some days, with your permission I will take them as read. During the year we have been kept fairly well employed and we consider the amount of Tails 910,673.92 transferred from working account is satisfactory, as compared with last year when the amount, after deducting Tls. 862,500—the profit made on the issue of 6,990 shares—was Tls. 834,335.56, thus showing an increase in earnings on working account of Tls. 75,637.36 or about 9 per cent.; and this we hope will go on improving. So far as this year has gone, business has been very satisfactory and the prospects are good. We have kept all our works, docks, machinery, etc., in good condition and repair out of earnings and have not written anything off these. The amount remaining for distribution now (out of the Tls. 971,124.22 at the credit of the profit and loss account, after deducting the interim dividend paid in December) is Tls. 884,724.22 and this with your approval we propose to appropriate as follows:—Pay a final dividend of Tls. 8 per share, Tls. 441,600; add to reserve fund Tls. 100,000; and carry to new account Tls. 43,124.22. With regard to the proposal for the reduction of capital discussed at the last meeting, your Directors decided that, as the feeling of the shareholders seemed to be against the scheme, they would take no further action in the matter for the present. With regard to the directors, Mr. James Johnston has retired and we wish to record here the valuable services he rendered to the Company. Mr. Twentyman is on leave. Mr. Cranston retires, but being eligible offers himself for reelection. The auditors, Messrs. Scott and Thorburn, retire, but offer themselves for re-election. I shall be pleased to answer any questions.

Mr. A. L. ANDERSON asked what portion of the Tls. 674,733.25, set down as the value of "Sundry assets" in the balance sheet, represented the value of the steamer *Mimchen*.

The CHAIRMAN thought it inexpedient to answer this question, as the directors were considering an offer of purchase for the vessel. He would only give the figures if the meeting showed an express desire for them.

This expression was not forthcoming.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE ANGLO-GERMAN
BREWERY CO., LD.

(To be incorporated under the Companies Ordinances of Hongkong, whereby the liability of Members is limited to the amount of their Shares.)

CAPITAL:
MEXICAN DOLLARS 400,000
DIVIDED INTO 4,000 SHARES OF \$100 EACH;
Of which it is proposed to issue 3,500 Shares for the present.

3,010 Shares have been subscribed for and will be allotted and 500 Shares are now offered for Subscription at par, payable as follows:

\$10 on allotment
\$20 on 1st October, 1903.
\$20 on 1st January, 1904.
\$30 on 15th April, 1904.
\$30 on 15th June, 1904.

The Subscription List will be closed as soon as the 500 Shares, now offered for Subscription, have been applied for, but not later than MONDAY, the 31st AUGUST, a.c.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
JOHN PRENTICE, Esq., of Messrs. S. C. FARMAN, BOYD & CO., LD., Shanghai.
ALEX. MCLEOD, Esq., of Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Shanghai.
C. W. WRIGHTSON, Esq., of Messrs. FRANK, DANIEL & CO., Shanghai.
MAX SLEVOGT, Esq., of Messrs. SLEVOGT & CO., Shanghai.
J. P. BLOCK, Esq., of Messrs. H. SIERAS & CO., Choochoo.

GENERAL AGENTS:
MESSRS. SLEVOGT & CO., Shanghai.

BANKERS:
DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK.

LEGAL ADVISERS:
MESSRS. STOKES & PLATT.

OBJECTS.
The object of this Company is to establish at Tsingtau (Kiautschow) "The Germania Brewery," to be equipped with the most modern machinery and plant, and capable of turning out 15,000 Hectoliters, or 333,000 Gallons per year.

SUPPLY OF WATER.
The Company have been fortunate in acquiring a very convenient piece of land close to the new Municipal Waterworks. The supply of water on the Company's property is more than sufficient. A careful test in this respect was made in February last (the dry season at Tsingtau), when one of the wells on the Company's premises was pumped out, fresh water flowing in at the rate of 34 tons per hour. The water itself is very suitable for brewing purposes as shown by the report made by Mr. Nobel, the Director of the Government analytical laboratory at Tsingtau. Permission to start the Brewery has been granted by the Imperial Government of Kiautschow, who have promised to further the object of the Company by every means in their power.

BREWING MASTER.
The promoters will have the services of Mr. W. Cobitz, of Munich, as Brewing Master. Mr. Cobitz has just completed a five years' engagement as Chief Brewer with the Yebisu Brewery of Tokyo. During that period the Yebisu Company, now the largest Brewery in Japan, have increased their sales from 28,000 to 75,000 Hectoliters a year. Mr. Cobitz has examined the Tsingtau water on the spot and being fully convinced of its suitability, both as regards quality and quantity, he has every confidence in the success of the undertaking and subscribes for a considerable number of shares.

WORKING EXPENSES AND PROSPECTS.

After carefully going into the question of working expenses the promoters feel confident in stating that, assuming a turn-out of 13,000 Hectoliters only, the resulting profit will show a dividend of at least 15 per cent. on the capital of the Company. A comparison with the figures of the two largest Japanese Companies will be of interest.

JAPAN BREWERY YEIBU CO., LD. BREWERY.

Dividend 1899/1900 ... 25% ... 27%
" 1900/01 ... 15% ... 22%
" 1901/02 ... 30% ... 25%
Quotation on 29/1/03
per share of 50 Yen 139 Yen. 107 Yen
If it is borne in mind that since the 1st October, 1901, the Japanese Breweries have to pay an excise tax of nearly \$5 per Hectoliter, or roughly speaking 25 per cent. on the selling price of Beer, these results must be considered extremely satisfactory.

MARKETS FOR THE COMPANY'S OUTPUT.

A good demand is anticipated from the military and naval garrison at Tsingtau, which numbers several thousand men. This number is not likely to be decreased in the near future. In addition the ships of the Imperial German navy which frequently touch at Tsingtau may reasonably be expected to become regular customers of the Company. Among the more important markets Shanghai, Hongkong, Port Arthur, Tientsin and Choochoo may be mentioned as offering a wide and remunerative field for the Company's operation.

There are no complete statistics available showing the importation of European and American Beer into China, but the following figures, taken from Japanese official sources, illustrate the growing demand for Japanese Beer in China:

EXPORT OF JAPANESE BEER.
(About 90 per cent were sent to China)
1897 ... 2,976 Hectoliters.
1898 ... 6,216 "
1899 ... 7,740 "
1900 ... 22,300 "
1901 ... 33,300 "

Naturally, the serious decline in silver threatens to interfere with the sale of the imported article and helps to improve the prospects of the proposed Company.

PROMOTION MONEY.

No promotion money will be paid, but the Company will pay preliminary expenses for registering, fees to legal advisers, printing, etc.

Applications for Shares should be forwarded to the Bankers of the Company, or to the General Agents, Messrs. SLEVOGT & CO., Shanghai, from whom Copies of the Prospectus and further information may be obtained. Copies of the Prospectus may also be obtained from the DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903. [2093]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HOUSE WANTED.

FROM 1st November, or sooner, a FIVE- or SIX-ROOMED HOUSE at the PEAK.
Reply to—
E. H.,
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903. [2078]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

INFORMATION has been received from the Military Authorities that GUN PRACTICE will take place from Belohers Batteries on TUESDAY, the 28th JULY, 1903.

By Command,
F. H. MAY,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Hongkong, 20th July, 1903. [2030]

WILLIAM POWELL, LIMITED.

THE SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above-named Company will be held at the COMPANY'S PREMISES, No. 28, Queen's Road Central, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th AUGUST, 1903, at Noon, to receive the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1903, electing Directors, and declaring a Dividend.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 31st JULY to the 5th AUGUST, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
R. G. HECKFORD,
Manager.
Hongkong, 21st July, 1903. [2084]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,

TUESDAY,
the 28th JULY, 1903, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at "Tower House," Calder Path, Kennedy Road (Close to the German Club), A QUANTITY OF

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

(Particulars from Catalogue).
TERMS OF SALE:—As Customary.
On view from Monday, the 27th JULY.

GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903. [2085]

POLO CLUB GYMKHANA TO BE HELD ON THE RACE-COURSE, ON SATURDAY, 1st AUGUST, COMMENCING AT 4 P.M.

INTENDING competitors are reminded that Entries for the above Gymkhana close on SATURDAY, 28th INSTANT, and that no post entries will be accepted. The following entry is substituted in place of No. 5, Bow and Arrow Race:—

No. 5, MARKET GARDEN RACE; LADIES' NOMINATION. Gentlemen to be nominated by ladies. A long table will be placed on the mud course near the entrance from the paddock, behind which table the ladies will stand; on the table will be heaped a supply of vegetables of various kinds. Gentlemen will be provided with a small basket to which will be attached a list of vegetables to be placed therein by lady. Start on grass course in front of J. G. box, ride up to flag and turn on to mud course (rails will be removed), ride up to table, dismount and hand lady basket. Lady will fill basket with vegetables as per list, hand it back to gentleman who will then remount and ride back to starting-post. First post with contents of basket correct as per list to win. Two prizes have been kindly presented for this race.

By kind permission of Major Radcliff and Officers 33rd Burma Infantry, the Band of that regiment will be present during the afternoon.
C. H. ROSS,
Hon. Secretary.
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903. [2081]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW.

"HALLOONG,"
Captain Evans, will be despatched for the above port TO-MORROW, the 23rd inst., at 10 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LARRAIK & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903. [2083]

FOR YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND ISINGTAU.

THE H.A.L. Steamship

"C. FERD. LAEISZ,"
Captain Sachs, will be despatched for the above ports on SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at Noon.

For Freight, apply to
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
Hongkong Office.
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903. [2079]

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

THE Steamship

"CATHERINE APCAR,"
Captain A. Stewart, will be despatched for the above ports on TUESDAY, the 28th inst., at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DAVID SASSOON & CO., LD.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903. [2073]

NOTICE.

THE attention of Household is drawn to the fact that stagnant pools and collections of water in broken flower-pots, broken jars, &c., standing in their premises are a source of danger to people residing therein, and to warn them that the Sanitary Board intend to treat such nuisances.

By Order,
G. A. WOODCOCK,
Secretary.
Sanitary Board Room,
Hongkong, 14th July, 1903. [2069]

CARMICHAEL & CLANKE,

CONSULTING ENGINEERS
AND SHIPBUILDERS.
SURVEYORS AND CONTRACTORS.
REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

TELEGRAMS: "CARMICHAEL," HONGKONG.
A B C Code, 4th Edition
A 1 Code.
Lieb's Standard Code.
HONGKONG, 22nd July, 1903. [2093]

TELEPHONE, 232.
Hongkong, 20th June, 1903. [1770]

AUCTION

PUBLIC AUCTION
OF
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD GROUND.

Situate in Granville Road, Kimberley Road, Observation Road, at Tsimshatsui, Kowloon.

in NINE LOTS, on
TUESDAY, 28th JULY, 1903, at 3 P.M.,
At his Auction Rooms, Duddell Street,
Mr. GEO. P. LAMBERT, Auctioneer.

Lot 1.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section A of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 2.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section B of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 3.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section C of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 4.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section D of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 5.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section E of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 6.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section F of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 7.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section G of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 8.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section H of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 9.—All that piece of ground intended to be registered in the Land Office as Section I of Kowloon Island Lot No. 521 containing an area of 7985 square feet or thereabouts.

All the above described Lots are held for the residue of a term of 75 years granted by a Crown Lease dated 4th February, 1893.

For further particulars, apply to—
EWING HARSTON,
Vendor's Solicitors,
or to
Mr. GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 20th July, 1903. [2075]

NOTICES OF FIRMS

CHINA COMMERCIAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

司公限有船輪華中

THE OFFICES of the above Company have been OPENED at No. 35, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 2nd FLOOR.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1903. 924

CHINESE AMERICAN COMMERCIAL COMPANY.

司公美華

IMPORTERS, EXPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

THIS Company's Offices are Established at 1 No. 20 and 21, CONNAUGHT ROAD opposite Douglas Pier.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1903. [1321]

SITUATION WANTED.

ENGLISH GENTLEMAN at present in Government Service seeks position of confidence as Secretary or Adviser to Minister or high Official. Has travelled much. Speaks several European languages. Highest possible references.

Apply in first instance to—
"UBIQUE,"
Care of W. Watson & Co., Bankers, Bombay.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1903. [1884]

WANTED.

A BRITISH TEACHER for a Private School in the Colony.

Apply to—
M. M.,
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 9th July, 1903. [196]

WANTED TO RENT.

A TENNIS COURT, either in Hongkong or Kowloon.

Address Particulars to—
No. 7,
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 21st July, 1903. [2074]

MISSING.

C. W. KIGHT, 3rd Engineer, P. & O. s.s. "Ballarat," since 2.30 a.m. on the 19th July.

ANY person or persons having any knowledge of the above mentioned since the 18th July are requested to communicate with the undersigned or to the Captain Superintendent of Police. Mr. Kight was last seen on the s.s. "Ballarat" then lying at anchor in the Hongkong Harbour, and it is feared fell overboard.

DESCRIPTION.—Medium height, dark, with moustache, dressed in a faded blue duffle coat, with a white funnel vest underneath, black shoes and socks; is tattooed on both arms.

A suitable reward will be given for any information which will assist in tracing him.

E. A. HEWETT,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.
Hongkong, 21st July, 1903. [2076]

AUTOMATIC MAUSER PISTOLS.

CALIBRE 7.63 mm.

With CHAMBER for 10 CARTRIDGES FIRING 10 SHOTS IN 2 SECONDS.

STEMSEN & CO.
Hongkong 3rd October, 1900.

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LD., have now 40,000 Cubic feet of Cold Storage available at EAST POINT. Stores will be open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sundays excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.

WM. FARLANE, Manager.
Hongkong, 18th November 1901. [65]

PUBLIC COMPANIES

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Six Dollars per Share for six months ending 30th June, 1903, will be payable on the 28th INSTANT, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd to the 28th INSTANT (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 14th July, 1903. [2026]

THE WEST POINT BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of One Dollar and a Half per Share for six months ending 30th June, 1903, will be payable on the 28th INSTANT, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd to the 28th INSTANT (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary to the Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., LD.,
General Agents for the West Point Building Co., Limited.
Hongkong, 14th July, 1903. [2027]

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

IN accordance with the Provisions of No. 104 of the Articles of Association the General Managers have this day declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 30th June, 1903, of Four Dollars per Share.

DIVIDEND WARRANTS may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company on and after TUESDAY, 28th JULY.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 26th to 28th INST., both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 15th July, 1903. [2043]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAM-BOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SEVENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the OFFICE of the Company, No. 18, Bank Buildings, Queen's Road Central, on TUESDAY, the 4th AUGUST, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, confirming the appointment of Directors, and re-electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 21st of JULY to the 4th AUGUST, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. GOOSMANN,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, 15th July, 1903. [2041]

CARTRIDGES.

NOBEL'S SPORTING BALLISTITE.

Absolutely Smokeless and Water-resisting. THE BEST NITRO-POWDER IN THE WORLD.

PRICE OF 12-BORE CARTRIDGES:—
Loaded with With Powder
Powder only, and 1 oz. of Shot.

Primrose Cases ... \$6.25
Paganini Cases ... 6.85
Ejector Brass Cases ... 7.50

Apply to—
WM. SCHMIDT & CO.,
Gunmakers,
Hongkong.
Hongkong, 3rd July, 1902. [1917]

EXCURSIONS TO MACAO.

THE fast and commodious Steamship

"WING CHAI,"

will leave her Wharf, opposite Central Market, EVERY SUNDAY (during the Summer months) at 8.30 A.M., returning at 8 P.M., or later.

FARE.—Return Ticket, including Dinner and Dinner (either on board or at Macao Hotel) \$5.

A matched for sun bathing, both for Ladies and Gentlemen, is provided, and bathing clothes, &c., provided at a reasonable rate.

SAM WANG & CO., LD.,
Hongkong, 30th June, 1903. [1756]

PROTECT YOUR OWN OLD AGE

by securing for yourself a guarantee income for LIFE.

DON'T Protection for your family too if you die.

HAVE The Continuous Instalment Endowment accomplishes both.

TO DIE THE EQUITABLE

(HENRY B. HYDE, Founder.)

1848) F. KIENE, Manager.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CHINA.

ESTABLISHED BY IMPERIAL DECREE OF THE 12th NOVEMBER, 1897.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL—Shanghai Tls. 5,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... 2,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES: Hankow, Canton, Chefoo, Peking, Chungking, Tientsin, Singapore.

The Bank purchases and receives for collection Bills of Exchange drawn on the above places, and sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers payable at its Branches and Agencies.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Advances made on approved securities. Bills Discounted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

At 2% per annum on Current Account daily balances.

3% per annum on Fixed Deposits for 3 months.

4% " " " " " 6 " "

5% " " " " " 12 " "

E. W. RUTTER,
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1901. [23]

BANKS

THE BANK OF TAIWAN (FORMOSA), LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER.)
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL ... Yen 5,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... " 2,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.
HONGKONG OFFICE: 4, QUEEN'S ROAD (Facing Duddell Street).

BRANCHES:—AMOI, KOBE, TAINAN.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On current account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

" " " " " 3% " "

" " " " " 4% " "

" " " " " 5% " "

" " " " " 6% " "

" " " " " 7% " "

" " " " " 8% " "

" " " " " 9% " "

"

TO LET
GODOWN TO LET.
No. 155, PRAYA EAST. Spacious Two-storied Godown. Suitable for Yarn or Coals.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 11th July, 1903. [1893]

TO LET.
18, ROBINSON ROAD.
Apply to—
AHMED RUMJAHN,
62, Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1903. [1886]

TO LET.
No. 2, "MAGDALEN TERRACE,"
MAGAZINE GAP.
Apply to—
SPANISH PROCURATION.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1903. [173]

TO LET.
FLATS in MORETON TERRACE,
CAUSEWAY BAY, facing the Polo Ground.
No. 2, REPOIN TERRACE (in FLATS).
GODOWN at BOWLINGTON (PRAYA EAST).
HOUSES in LEIGHTON HILL ROAD.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 8th June, 1903. [71]

TO LET.
TWO GODOWNS, Nos. 2 and 4,
MATHESON STREET, Wanchoi.
No. 5, STEWART TERRACE, PEAK.
Furnished, from 5th June to 31st August, 1903.
"WESTBOURNE VILLA," NORTH
BONHAM ROAD.
"BISNEE VILLA," POKFULUM ROAD.
For terms and particulars, apply to—
LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 3rd July, 1903. [1046]

TO LET.
FIRST FLOOR No. 8, QUEEN'S ROAD
CENTRAL. Suitable for Office.
Apply to—
IP IAN CHUEN.
Care of Mr. A. M. Eschbay,
Nos. 7 and 9, Zetland Street.
Hongkong, 11th June, 1903. [1639]

TO LET—WITH IMMEDIATE
POSSESSION.
TWO SUITES OF ROOMS in the Ground
Floor of the Hongkong Club Annex,
suitable for Offices.
Apply to the undersigned.
C. H. GRACE,
Secretary.
Hongkong Club.
Hongkong, 18th June, 1903. [1757]

TO LET.
"HARTLEY" and "WESTLEY,"
UPPER RICHMOND ROAD.
"STONY BROOK," LOWER RICHMOND
ROAD.
Apply to—
LAU CHU PAK,
Care of A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 2nd June, 1903. [1150]

TO LET.
TWO SPACIOUS NEW GODOWNS,
very suitable for Dry Goods.
Apply to—
W. LYSAUGHT,
153, Wanchai Road.
Hongkong, 15th April, 1903. [1163]

TO LET—UNFURNISHED.
"COOMBE" MAGAZINE GAP.
Available from 1st April.
Apply to—
Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 18th February, 1903. [542]

TO LET.
No. 3, DUDDELL STREET, ground
Godown. Suitable for Office or Office and
Godown.
Apply to—
SOUTH CHINA MORNING
POST," LD.,
Connaught Road Central.
Hongkong, 27th June, 1903. [1819]

TO LET.
2ND FLOOR, No. 35, QUEEN'S ROAD
CENTRAL, suitable for Office.
Apply to—
WING CHEONG,
35, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1903. [1881]

FIRST-CLASS BOARD & RESIDENCE.
"ST. GEORGE'S HOUSE,"
2 & 4, KENNEDY ROAD,
and
"TOWER HOUSE," Kennedy Road.

EXCELLENT Table, Every home comfort.
Well furnished rooms facing the harbour.
For terms, apply to—
Mrs. G. SACHSE,
"St. George's House."
Hongkong, 17th March, 1903. [632]

"TANG YUEN,"
BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.
SUMMER RATES, European Super-
vision. Excellent Cuisine and Accommodation.
Apply to—
MANAGERESS,
Macleod Road,
or
FAIRALL & CO., Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1903. [681]

M. MATTHEW.
PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE.
14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
(Entrance by Zetland Street).
Opposite Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Booksellers.
Hongkong, 11th July, 1903. [1187]

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.
MRS. GILLANDERS.
"GLENWOOD,"
21, CAINE ROAD.
Hongkong, 24th March, 1903. [1915]

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED
ROOMS, with Board.
Apply to Mrs. MATTHEW,
2, Fiddler's Hill.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1903. [1891]

TO LET.
No. 12, CASTLE ROAD.
Nos. 15, 17, 19 and 21, SEYMOUR ROAD.
GODOWN, No. 32A, PRAYA EAST.
Apply to—
COMPRADORE DEPARTMENT,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1903. [1980]

TO LET.
2 SPACIOUS ROOMS at No. 16,
BELLIOS TERRACE, with Bath-
room and Kitchen. Rent very moderate.
Immediate Possession.
Apply to—
S. T. J.,
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 6th July, 1903. [1933]

TO LET.
ONE FIRST-CLASS SPACIOUS
GODOWN at West Point.
Apply to—
"GODOWN,"
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 16th June, 1903. [1719]

TO LET.
GROUND and 2nd FLOORS of No. 3,
OLD BAILEY.
No. 10, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
FOUR-ROOMED HOUSE on Upper
Levels, fully furnished, for Six Months.
And others to suit various requirements.
S. A. SEY.
Land and Estate Broker.
Hongkong, 16th July, 1903. [1366]

TO BE LET FURNISHED.
"IAN MOR" (West), PEAK ROAD.
Apply to—
MAJOR TUDOR, R.E.,
or
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FIN-
ANCE COMPANY, LD.
Hongkong, 18th June, 1903. [1902]

TO LET.
FROM August 25th, COSMOPOLITAN
HOUSE (Unfurnished). 13—Large
Rooms, Kitchen, etc., etc.
Apply to—
MANAGER,
Wm. Powell, Ltd.
Hongkong, 30th June, 1903. [1867]

TO LET.
FLAT (TWO ROOMS and BATHROOM)
Two Minutes from Clock Tower.
Apply to—
C.
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 16th July, 1903. [2039]

TO LET UNFURNISHED.
ONE ROOM with Bathroom, Servants'
Quarters, etc., suitable for a bachelor, in
Robinson Road level. Also OFFICE opposite
City Hall.
Apply to—
C. H.,
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 15th July, 1903. [2025]

TO LET.
No. 1, CAMERON VILLAS (PEAK).
A Six-Roomed Bungalow in first-class
condition.
Apply to—
LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1903. [1818]

TO LET.
TWO SPACIOUS GODOWNS—Nos. 95
and 99, PRAYA EAST.
Apply to—
H. N. MODY,
Victoria Buildings.
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1902. [82]

TO LET.
SPACIOUS FRONT ROOM, use of Bath-
room and Kitchen. Immediate Possession.
\$20 per month.
Apply to—
4, Garden Road, Kowloon.
Hongkong, 20th July, 1903. [2067]

THE BEST
THE OLDEST
THE CHEAPEST
BELT IN THE WORLD
IS

GANDY'S
"THE GANDY BELT,"
ENGLAND.
SOLE AGENTS:
LUTGENS, EINSTMANN & CO.
HONGKONG
1191-1

NAVY CONTRACT.
TENDERS are invited for the supply of the
following Article for a period of 12
months from the 1st of August, 1903, to—
N. Naval Yard viz.: Firewood, Lime (white, best),
Charcoal, Brooms (native), Baskets (large),
Baskets (small), Cans (native), and Chinaware.
Forms of Tender can be obtained on applica-
tion to the Naval Store Officer, H. M. Naval
Yard, Hongkong, and should be returned not
later than Noon, on Thursday, the 23rd July,
1903.
Hongkong, 18th July, 1903. [2003]

WINCHESTER CARABINES
12 SHOT REPEATING. CALIBRE 4E.
Excellent arm for Travellers in the interior
of China as well as Officers of Coast Steamers
ALSO CARTRIDGES IN STOCK.
LUTGENS, EINSTMANN & CO.,
14, DES VŒUX ROAD. [2742]

[ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.]
V. C.
A CHRONICLE OF CASTLE BARFIELD
AND THE CHIMES.
BY
DAVID CHRISTIE MURRAY
(Author of "Joseph's Coat," "Rainbow Gold,"
"Aunt Rachel," "Deputy's Last Journey," &c.)

CHAPTER V.
(Continued.)
Polson had at last fallen either into a stupor
or a deep sleep. The notes of a bugle
sounding the reveille startled him to his feet,
with its urgent call of
Wake! Wake! Wake!
And wake in a hurry—a hurry—a hurry—
a hurry.

And Wake! Wake! Wake!
There began to be a faint stir about the place.
Like the humming in a hive, the inmates of
which have been disturbed, and a little while
later the bugle rang out again, in notes that
were destined to become familiar to his ears.
All that was able
Came down to the stable,
And water your horses and give 'em some
corn.

And if you don't do it
The Colonel shall know it.
And you shall be punished the very next
morn.
Soon afterwards the gates were opened, and
a man in uniform appeared with a carbine
tucked beneath his arm and began to pace up
and down, just within the great bare barracks
square. Polson stared up to him.
"Are you recruiting here?" he asked.
"We are so," the man answered. "Do you
want to join?"
Polson nodded.

"Better see the Sergeant in the guard-room,"
the sentry told him. "Go through that door
and you'll find him there."
People who read their Dickens, as all men
who are privileged to speak the English
language ought to do, will remember a striking
little passage in *Oliver Twist*, in which the
author describes upon the first dressing of a
new-born paper baby. Until the faded yellow
garments which have done service for many
predecessors are wrapped about it, the baby
might be anybody's child—a Duke's, or a
ploughman's. But the liver of its unfortunate
estate marks and stamps it at once and gives it
the social caste and cachet it is doomed to wear.
But it is not so when time has developed
character, and a change of garb does not work
an actual transformation in the grown man.
Polson had purposely chosen the shabbiest out-
fit he could find in his whole kit; but he was
recognizably a gentleman at a glance, and as
he strode into the guard-room the Sergeant
in charge, who was sitting on the edge of a
sloping wooden bedstead, stood up and saluted
him, a fact for which the recruit had to pay
later on.

"You want recruits here?" said Polson, and
the Sergeant, finding that he had been betrayed
into a sign of respect for one who was willing
to become his own inferior, answered him with
a scowling ill-temper.
"Yes," he snarled. "Wait there till the
Orderly Room is opened."
The young man was too full of his own
concerns to take offence at a tone. He sat down
quietly and waited. Uniformed men came and
went, and nobody took heed of him until some
two hours and gone by, when the Sergeant
awoke him from his reverie.

"Come this way!"
He followed the Sergeant across the square,
and through an open doorway on the far side
of it. The Sergeant turned on him. "Take
your cap off, and walk into that room." Polson
obeyed again, and found himself in the presence
of a young officer who was bending over a shaft
of papers on a rough table, pen in hand.
"Man wishes to join, sir," said the Sergeant.
The officer looked up and rose to his feet
with an exclamation.
"Good God, Jervase! What are you doing
here?"

"I've come to take the Queen's shilling,"
Volney answered.
"Why, what's become of the Commission?"
the other asked. "Go outside, Sergeant. I
want to have some talk in private with this
gentleman."
Now chance had played a queer trick here,
for it had led the intending recruit straight to
his oldest and closest friend, his old school-fellow,
and old Oxford comrade. It had not occurred
to Polson that what regiment was quartered in
Barrington at that time, and he had walked
straight towards his purpose without a thought
of the possibility of such an encounter as this.

"You ain't serious, old fellow, are you?"
asked Captain Volney.
"Yes," said Polson, "I'm quite serious."
"Sit down," said Volney. "Of course you'll
tell me just as much and just as little as you
want to. But before you take a step that you
can't retreat from, you'd better think things
over."
"No," said Polson, "I've done all the
thinking I have need for, and I've made up my
mind. You'll take me of course?"
"Look here," said Volney, "you won't like it,
and I take the liberty to tell you so. It's an
infernal life—disagreeable life—it's a beast of a
life for a gentleman to live. It's all very well,
of course, if you're amongst your own set; but a
gentleman ranker is certain to have a hell of a
time. He has all the Non Coms on to him out
of jealousy and he's bound to and brooded
over the more rough side of the living, nobody
minds that. But if you do what you intend, you'll
find before the week's over that you've stepped into a
whole tubful of scalding hot water, and you'll wish
yourself well out of it again."

"That's all right, old chap," said Polson.
"I shouldn't be the first to try it, and I dare say
I shall pull through as well as another."
"Now, here's a sample," said Volney, with a
laugh to take the edge from his words.

"Here's a sample of the sort of thing you're
walking into. It'll be a piece of rank imper-
tinence on your part to call me 'old chap,' in
half an hour's time and you mustn't do it.
When you catch sight of me, it'll be your
business to stand up as stiff as a ramrod and
salute me; and you'll have to say 'sir,' when
you talk to me. And you won't like that. And
I shan't like it. And look here, old chap, you
think I'm about it."
"I've told you already," Polson answered,
"I've done all my thinking."
"Well," said Volney, "wifal must it wifal
will. You haven't been getting into any sort
of mischief, have you?"
"No," said Polson. "I've done nothing that
I have a right to be ashamed of."
"Had a row with the old man?"
"Yes."
"Go home and make it up again, Jervase.
A private soldier's life is a dog's life for a man
of your breeding, and you'll find it so."
"That's as may be," Polson answered. "But
I've quite made up my mind, and all the talk-
ing in the world will make no difference."
Within reach of his hand there lay upon the
table a loose bunch of ribbons, red, white and
blue, such as recruiting sergeants were wont to
pin in the hats of their recruits. And Polson,
toying with this, found that the bunch was held
together at one end by a pin. He lifted it to
his own cap.

"Now," he said, putting on the cap and
rising to his feet, "the trick's done."
"Oh, dear no," old fellow Volney. "The trick
isn't done yet, old fellow. You've got to be
formally enlisted, and to answer a rigorous
question, and be examined by the Regimental
doctor, and to take the oath. The trick isn't
done yet, by a long chalk."
"Well," said Polson, "I shall take it as a
favour if you'll put me through with as little
waste of time as possible, for, to tell you the
truth, I want that shilling and the sooner I get
it the nearer I shall be to home and cheese."
"Oh," said Volney, "I ain't curious, old
chap. I'm not a bit curious, but if you can do
it I should like you to take me into your con-
fidence because I might be of some use. I'm
stinking rich, you know—disgracefully rich.
And if that fact's any good to you, why you've
only to say so, and I'm your man."

"Oh, no, it isn't money, Volney. It had
been, I shouldn't have made any scruple about
saying so. I can't talk about it. It's likely
enough that you may hear everything in time."
"There's no changing you?" Volney asked.
"There's no changing me," Polson answered.
"And no getting me to wait."
"Oh, very well," said Volney. "Just take
that and cut across to the Canton and get some
breakfast. Come back here in a quarter of an
hour's time, and I'll put you through. You
needn't scruple about taking it; you can pay me
back, for there's a five pound bounty, ready
money, declared yesterday, and you'll have it
handed over to you on enlisting."
Polson took up the proffered sovereign, with
something of a jump in his throat, and turned
to go. He had scarce made a step towards the
door when it opened suddenly. This was
destined to be a day of strange encounters, for
who should walk almost into his arms, but that
Major de Blacquire who was the present owner
of the Drivich salt mine from which his
father and his uncle had drawn an illicit
fortune. There are men who are born to hate
each other at sight; and this Major de
Blacquire and Polson, though they had but a
slight knowledge of each other, had found
time to develop a savage dislike on either side.
De Blacquire was a man with an exasperat-
ingly cold and supercilious fashion of speech.
He was a hand-box dandy, and went scented
like a lady. Polson had once threatened him
with a horse-whip, and the Major had with-
drawn from the conflict not because he had any
want of physical courage, but solely because
he was too much of a fine gentleman to brawl.
He had never forgotten or forgiven the insult,
and Polson had learned to hate him all the
more because he mistook him for a coward.
The two recoiled from each other just in time
to avoid collision, for de Blacquire had entered
hastily. They regarded each other for an
instant and de Blacquire's cynical and con-
temptuous gaze took in the other from head to
foot, obviously taking note of the mean attire
and the signs of the night march Polson had
made. His glance fastened on the bunch of
ribbons floating from the cap, and at that he
smiled.

"Oh," he said, with a flinching drawl.
"You've made a bolt of it, have you?"
"Say that again," said Polson, "and I'll ram
it down your throat, and send a tooth or two
along with it."
"Indeed," said de Blacquire. "I think
you'll find that it won't pay you to use such
language in your present position, Private
Jervase." He turned away and with the whip
he carried in his hand, struck a resounding
blow upon the open door. "Sergeant!" he
called, "bring up a file of men, and take this
man to the guard-room."
"On what authority, if you please?" asked
Polson.
"On the authority of those ribbons, my man,"
de Blacquire answered.
"You mistake your authority, friend Popin-
jay," said Polson. "I am not in your service
yet."
"Has this man enlisted, Volney?" asked the
Major.
"No," said Volney, "he hasn't. He means
to. And now I see what term you're on, I
shall advise him very strongly, as an old friend
of mine, to choose another regiment."
"Yes," said Polson. "I think I'll choose
another regiment. I'm not hungry for the
cat-o'-nine-tails, and I should earn it if I wore
under this brute's command five minutes.
You'd be a handsome chap in your own way,
Major, if it were not for that silly error you
repeated to carry about with you. But I warn
you that, under any circumstances whatsoever,
if you should presume upon any difference in
our rank to insult me by a word, a gesture, or a
look I'll spoil your beauty for you."
"This man's a friend of yours, is he, Volney?"
said de Blacquire, ignoring his antagonist.
"Yes," said Volney. "A very old friend of
mine."
"Well, you can keep him with you. I've
just got my appointment on the staff. I'm off
for Varna to-morrow, and I don't suppose that
I shall meet the gentleman again. I want a
private word with you, if Mr. Jervase will be
so kind as to relieve us of his presence."
"I'll be back in a quarter of an hour," said
Polson.
"All right, old chap," Volney answered, and
made haste to add, before his old drum had left
the room, "I'm devilish glad you're going. De
Blacquire, and the whole regiment will share
my sentiments. The mess will be a devilish
sight happier without you."
At this, the Major's pale face flushed for an
instant, and Polson grinned sardonically as he
strode away. He found his way into the
Canton, made a rough breakfast there, and
then returning found Volney ready to put
him through all the necessary formalities. An
old Sergeant put the regulation questions as to
name, age, and employment. Was he married?
No. Was he an apprentice? No. Had he
ever at any time offered himself for Her
Majesty's service, and been refused? No. Had

he ever been tried for any criminal offence?
No. Then here was the Queen's shilling, and
he was enlisted to serve Her Majesty for the
term of twenty years, and was now to report
himself to the doctor, and after passing his
examination, would be required to present
himself at noon to be sworn in before the
Colonel, and failing so to present himself, he
would be liable to arrest and imprisonment as a
rogue and vagabond.

"So now the trick is done," said Volney,
"and you can't undo it. At another time you
could have bought out for thirty pounds; but
we shall be off to Varna in a week or two, and
the Queen won't spare a man she has once laid
hands on for love or money until we have got
through the little brush that's coming with old
Nick and his merry men."
(To be continued.)

"DARTRING"
'LANOLINE'
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"DARTRING" TOILET "LANOLINE" in small and
large collapsible tubes. Makes rough skins smooth
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FOR FOUR DAYS ONLY, FROM WEDNESDAY, 22ND JULY, TO
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Hongkong, 10th June, 1903. [1319]

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measures only can check
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remedies, nothing yet tried
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Painkiller
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OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LD. AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD. JOINT SERVICES. FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FOR LONDON AND CONTINENT. MONTHLY SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.

OUTWARDS.		
FROM	STEAMERS	DATE
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"HECTOR"	On 24th July.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"NESTOR"	On 29th July.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"TEUCER"	On 30th July.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"NINGCHOW"	On 8th August.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"KINTUCK"	On 13th August.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"PINGSUEY"	On 20th August.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"GLAUCUS"	On 26th August.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"DEUCALION"	On 4th September.

HOMEWARDS.		
FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP	"STENTOR"	On 4th August.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP	"TYDEUS"	On 18th August.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP	"DIOMED"	On 20th August.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP	"NESTOR"	On 1st September.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP	"KINTUCK"	On 15th September.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP	"PINGSUEY"	On 22nd September.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP	"GLAUCUS"	On 29th September.

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.		
FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and all PACIFIC COAST PORTS, via NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	"NINGCHOW"	On 10th August.
The s.s. "KEEMUN" left Moji on the 18th inst. p.m. and is due here on the 23rd inst.	"DEUCALION"	On 6th September.
The s.s. "HECTOR" left Singapore on the 18th inst. a.m. and is due here on the 24th inst.		
The s.s. "AJAX" left Victoria (B.C.) on the 16th inst. for Japan and Hongkong.		

Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
CEBU and ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	On 24th July.
KOBE	"TSINAN"	On 25th July.
SHANGHAI	"PAOTING"	On 25th July.
MANILA	"TAIYUAN"	On 27th July.
PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COCKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE	"TAIYUAN"	On 27th July.
ILOILO	"WUCHANG"	On 28th July.
MANILA	"SUNGKIANG"	On 29th July.

Hongkong, 20th July, 1903.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAST ROUTE BETWEEN CHINA, JAPAN, AND EUROPE, VIA CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.		
CALLING AT SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND VICTORIA, B.C.		
SAFETY.	SPEED.	PUNCTUALITY.
"Empress" Twin Screw Steamships—6,000 Tons—10,000 Horse-Power—Speed 19 knots.		
SAVING THREE TO SEVEN DAYS ACROSS THE PACIFIC.		
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.		
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.)		
R.M.S. "TARTAR"	4,425 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 22nd July.
R.M.S. "EMPERESS OF CHINA"	6,000 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 15th Aug.
R.M.S. "ATHENIAN"	3,882 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 22nd Aug.
R.M.S. "EMPERESS OF INDIA"	6,000 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 29th Aug.
R.M.S. "EMPERESS OF JAPAN"	4,425 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 26th Sept.
R.M.S. "TARTAR"	4,425 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 7th Oct.
R.M.S. "EMPERESS OF CHINA"	6,000 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 21st Oct.
R.M.S. "ATHENIAN"	3,882 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 4th Nov.
R.M.S. "EMPERESS OF INDIA"	6,000 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 18th Nov.
R.M.S. "EMPERESS OF JAPAN"	4,425 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 16th Dec.
R.M.S. "TARTAR"	4,425 Tons.	WEDNESDAY, 30th Dec.

THE magnificent TWIN-SCREW "EMPERESS" STEAMSHIPS of this Line pass through the famous INLAND SEA of JAPAN, and usually make the voyage YOKOHAMA to VANCOUVER (B.C.) in 12 DAYS ("TARTAR" and "ATHENIAN" 14 DAYS), saving THREE DAYS TO A WEEK in the Trans-Pacific journey and make connection at Vancouver with the PACIFIC COAST TRAINS of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, which leave daily and cross the Continent from THE PACIFIC TO THE ATLANTIC WITHOUT CHANGE in 97 hours. Close connection is made at Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, New York and Boston with all Trans-Atlantic Lines, which passengers to Great Britain and the Continent are given choice of.

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SPECIAL RATES (First class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Navy, Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan Governments.

The attractive features of this Company's route embrace its PALATIAL STEAMSHIPS, (second to none in the World), the LUXURANCE of ITS TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAINS (the Company having received the highest award for same at Chicago World Exhibition), and the diversity of MAGNIFICENT MOUNTAIN AND LAKE SCENERY through which the Railway passes.

THE DINING CARS and MOUNTAIN HOTELS of this route are owned and operated by the Company, and their appointments and Cuisine are unequalled.

For further information, Maps, Guides, Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to D. E. BROWN, General Agent, Pacific Street.

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BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.
Hongkong, 4th July, 1903.

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THE new and fast Twin-Screw Steamer "SAN CHEUNG" will leave for Canton at 3 P.M. on SUNDAYS, TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS and return to Hongkong on the following days, leaving Canton at 5 P.M. Excellent accommodation, electric light, and perfect cuisine. Wharf at Hongkong near Harbour Office.
First-class Fare, \$3 each way. Meals, \$1 each.
Cargo Freight very moderate.
J. TREVOUX & CO., No. 123, Commercial Road Central, Hongkong, 30th June, 1903.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEEN, SUEZ, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS. THE Steamship

"COROMANDEL,"
Captain F. J. Fox, carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for Bombay, etc., on SATURDAY, the 1st AUGUST, at Noon, taking passengers and cargo for the above ports.
Silk and Valuable, all cargo for France, and Tea for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into a steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London; other cargo for London, &c., will be conveyed via Bombay with transhipment.
Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.
Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Bills of Lading.
For further particulars, apply to E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1903.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE Undersigned GENERAL AGENTS in CHINA and JAPAN for the Natal Line, prepared to issue THROUGH BILLS OF LADING for all the principal ports in SOUTH AFRICA, in connection with INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'S fortnightly service hence to CALCUTTA. Sailings from CALCUTTA for CAPE PORTS every fortnight. For Freight and further particulars, apply to DODWELL & CO., LIMITED, General Agents for China and Japan.
Hongkong, 4th August, 1903.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED, AND THE CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer

"DIOMED" are hereby notified that the Cargo is being discharged into Craft, and/or landed at the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where in both cases it will be at Consignees' risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on or after the 18th inst.
Optional Cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined at 11 A.M. on the 24th inst.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 3rd inst. will be subject to rent.
All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 30th inst., or they will not be recognised.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, 17th July, 1903.

FROM HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM, ANTWERP, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE H.A.L. Steamship

"ALEZIA,"
Captain Schenck, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature by the Undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon, To-day, the 15th inst.
Any Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 22nd inst. will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 22nd inst. at 3 P.M.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE, Hongkong Office.
Hongkong, 15th July, 1903.

BRITISH-INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM RANGOON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"LALPOORA" having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.
Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after Noon of the 15th inst. will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense into Godowns at RAJAHMUNDRAM.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by J. A. H. W. MATTHEWS & CO., Agent.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1903.

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

S.S. "BRAEMAR" FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst. will be subject to rent.
All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 25th inst., or they will not be recognised.
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 23rd inst. at 3 P.M.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODWELL & CO., LIMITED, Agents.
Hongkong, 18th July, 1903.

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "BENGLOE" FROM MIDDLESBRO, LONDON AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods undelivered after the 23rd inst. will be subject to rent.
All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 30th inst., or they will not be recognised.
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 22nd inst. at 3 P.M.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.
Hongkong, 17th July, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

"CATHERINE APCAR" having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.
Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at once at Consignees' risk and expense.
Cargo remaining on board after 4 P.M. of the 22nd inst. will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited.
Consignees of Cargo from SINGAPORE and PENANG are requested to take IMMEDIATE delivery of their Goods from alongside, such Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.
DAVID SASSON & CO., LD., Agents.
Hongkong, 20th July, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

"BENGAL" FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company Godowns, at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.
This Vessel brings on Cargo:—
From London, &c., ex s.s. "China."
From Australia, &c., ex s.s. "Aradica."
From Persian Gulf, ex B. I. S. N. and B. P. S. N. Co.'s steamers.
Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 11 A.M. To-day, the 17th inst.
Goods not cleared by the 23rd inst. at 4 P.M. will be subject to rent.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.
Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representative at an appointed hour. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.
E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.
Hongkong, 17th July, 1903.

MITSU BISHI DOCKYARD AND ENGINE WORKS, NAGASAKI.

CODE WORD: "DOCK" NAGASAKI. A.I. A.B.C. Scotts and Engineering Co. Ltd.

DOCK No. 1 (at TATEGAMI).

Extreme Length... 523 feet.
Length on Blocks... 513 "
Width of Entrance on Top... 89 "
Width of Entrance on Bottom... 77 "
Water on Blocks at Spring Tide 26 "
DOCK No. 2 (at MUKAIJIMA).
Extreme Length... 371 feet.
Length on Blocks... 350 "
Width of Entrance on Top... 66 "
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PATENT SLIP (at KOSUPE).
Can take vessels up to 1,000 tons gross.

THE WORKS are well equipped with the LATEST IMPROVEMENTS and can execute any kind of work in SHIPBUILDING and MARINE ENGINEERING as well as in REPAIRING OF SHIPS.

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ANHEUSER BUSCH BREWING ASSOCIATION, ST. LOUIS.

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F. BLACKHEAD & CO.

Sole Agents.
Hongkong, 25th July, 1903.

FOR SALE.

HANDSOME BAY MARE, warranted sound and very quiet. Accustomed to carrying a lady.
Apply—
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Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 14th July, 1903.

THE "ZAFIRO" CASE.

A REPRINT of "THE 'ZAFIRO' MYSTERY" Case in pamphlet form is now on sale. Copies may be obtained for cash, 5s each, at the Office of the "Daily Press," Hongkong, 20th May, 1903.

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Messrs KELLY & WALSH, Hongkong;
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Hongkong, 14th February, 1903.

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TRADE THERAPION MARK

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is a remarkable remedy for all the diseases of the blood, such as leucæmia, erythæmia, and all the diseases of the lower bowel, caught, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

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